Table 1.2-1 Tidal Elevations

	Tidal Elevatio	idal Elevations in feet using datum as shown	um as shown	Tidal Elevatic	lidal Elevations in meters using datum as shown	atum as shown
Tidal Information	MLLW	NGVD 29	NAVD 88	MLLW	NGVD 29	NAVD 88
Highest Observed Water Level (12/03/83)	8.110	6.437	9.022	2.472	1.962	2.750
Mean Higher High Water (MHHW)	4.859	3.186	5.771	1.481	0.971	1.759
Mean High Water (MHW)	4.360	2.687	5.272	1.329	0.819	1.607
Mean Tide Level (MTL)	2.549	0.876	3.461	0.777	0.267	1.055
Mean Sea Level (MSL)	2.549	0.876	3.461	0.777	0.267	1.055
Mean Low Water (MLW)	0.751	-0.922	1.663	0.229	-0.281	0.507
Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW)	0.000	-1.673	0.912	0.000	-0.510	0.278
Lowest Observed Water Level (01/08/89)	-1.280	-2.953	-0.367	-0.390	-0.900	-0.112

References:
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Nation Ocean Service - Station ID 9415144 (Port Chicago, Suisun Bay)
- National Geodetic Survey Data Sheet for Tidal Benchmark 26 USN, PID = JT0383

Calculated by: SAG

TABLE 1.2-2. PLANT COMMUNITIES LIST (SUMMER 2002)

Note: Refer to Figure 8 to see geographic distribution of plant communities.

Refer to Table 4 (Plant Species Observed in the Project Vicinity) for common names and native/non-native status.

Community #1

Code: TYAN/SCAC (narrow-leaved cattail and hard-stem bulrush)

Dominant species: Typha angustifolia, Scirpus acutus **Sub- Dominant:** Lepidium latifolium, Baccharis douglasii

Species commonly present: *Phragmites australis, Juncus* sp., *Salicornia virginica* **Comments**: Community exists on the channel bench adjacent to Peyton Slough its'

tributaries

Community #2

Code: BAPI (coyote brush)

Dominant species: Baccharis pilularis

Sub- Dominant: Cortaderia jubata, Juncus sp.

Species commonly present: Avena sp., Bromus madritensis ssp. rubens, Vicia sp.,

Vulpia sp.

Comments: Upland plant community, colonize dredge spoil piles.

Community #3

Code: TYAN (narrow-leaved cattail) **Dominant species**: *Typha angustifolia*

Sub- Dominant: Scirpus robustus, Scirpus acutus, Salicornia virginica

Species commonly present: Lepidium latifolium, Jaumea carnosa, Juncus sp., Distichlis

spicata, Cuscuta salina var. major

Comments: At channel mouth Scirpus acutus replaces sub-dominance of Scirpus

robustus. Community occupies slightly lower elevations in marsh plain.

Community #4

Code: SCRO (alkali bulrush)

Dominant species: Scirpus robustus **Sub- Dominant:** Salicornia virginica **Species commonly present:** Typha spp.

Comments: Community occupies a broad range of the site.

Community #5

Code: LELA (peppergrass)

Dominant species: Lepidium latifolium

Sub- Dominant: *Phragmites australis, Salicornia virginica*

Species commonly present: Picris echioides, Bromus diandrus, Bromus nigra, Carduus

pycnocephalus, Raphanus sativus

Comments: Lepidium latifolium is a non-native, invasive plant. Community occupies a

broad range of the project site.

TABLE 1.2-2. PLANT COMMUNITIES LIST (SUMMER 2002)

Community #6

Code: SAVI (pickleweed)

Dominant species: Salicornia virginica

Sub- Dominant: Jaumea carnosa, Lepidium latifolium, Scirpus robustus **Other species present:** Cuscuta salina var. major, Distichlis spicata, Scirpus

americanus

Comments: Sub-dominance varies with geographic location.

Community #7

Code: TYAN/BADO (narrow-leaved cattail, marsh baccharis)

Dominant species: Typha angustifolia, Baccharis douglasii

Sub- Dominant: *Scirpus americanus*,

Species commonly present: Cuscuta salina var. major, Distichlis spicata, Triglochin

maritima

Comments: Community exists north of tide gate, east of slough

Community #8

Code: LETR (creeping wild-rye) **Dominant species**: *Leymus triticoides*

Species commonly present: Asparagus officinalis ssp. officinalis, Bromus diandrus, Bromus madritensis ssp. rubens, Typha latifolia, Picris echioides, Lotus corniculatus,

Phragmities australis, Jaumea carnosa, Juncus sp. **Comments**: Community present in high marsh

Community #9

Code: ATTR/DISP (fat hen, saltgrass)

Dominant species: Atriplex triangularis, Distichlis spicata

Sub- Dominant: Cotula coronopifolia

Species commonly present: Frankenia salina, Hordeum marinum ssp. gussoneanum,

Juncus sp., Lolium multiflorum, Salicornia virginica, Scirpus robustus

Comments: Community has inclusions of other community types as a result of

microtopography/hydrology such as former slough oxbows.

Community #10

Code: TYLA/SCspp. (broad-leaved cattail, bulrush species)

Dominant species: Typha latifolia, Scirpus species (Includes S. americanus, S.

californicus, S. robustus)

Comments: Tall emergent vegetation.

Community #11

Code: SCAM/ATTR (three-square bulrush, fat hen)

Dominant species: Scirpus americanus, Atriplex triangularis

Sub- Dominant: Jaumea carnosa

TABLE 1.2-2. PLANT COMMUNITIES LIST (SUMMER 2002)

The folowing is a list of plants that form near monotypic inclusions (i.e. patches where species assumes dominance) in communities

Code: TRMA

Dominant species: *Triglochin maritima*

Code: JUsp

Dominant species: Juncus species

Code: LOMU

Dominant species: *Lolium multiflorum*

Code: PHAU

Dominant species: *Phragmities australis*

Code: VIsp

Dominant species: Vicia species